## PGI 215.407-2 Make-or-buy programs.

- (d) *Solicitation Requirements*. Consider the following factors when deciding whether to request a make-or-buy plan—
- (1) The prime contractor's assumption of risk;
- (2) The prime contractor's plant capacity;
- (3) The prime contractor's degree of vertical integration;
- (4) The prime contractor's internal resources;
- (5) The anticipated contract type;
- (6) The complexity, uniqueness, or configuration maturity associated with the end item or its subsystems;
- (7) Critical path items;
- (8) The impact on contract overhead rates with respect to maintaining work in-house;
- (9) The industrial base that could potentially satisfy some system requirements, based on market survey;
- (10) Proprietary data and/or trade secrets;
- (11) Potential product quality concerns associated with items that would be subject to subcontracting;
- (12) Integrated master schedule timelines and their tolerances for variation;
- (13) The availability and experience of program office personnel to credibly analyze and evaluate a submission: and
- (14) Socioeconomic considerations, e.g. small business or labor surplus area concerns.
- (f) *Evaluation, negotiation, and Agreement*. When a make-or-buy plan is required, listed below are factors that may be considered when evaluating a submission—
- (1) Prime contractor past performance, especially with respect to subcontract management;
- (2) Prime contractor make-or-buy history;
- (3) Adequacy of contractor's existing make-or-buy processes, including cost and technical risk considerations:
- (4) Component availability through existing sources, e.g. available inventory, or other Government contracts;
- (5) Prime contractor plant capacity;

- (6) The adequacy of the prime contractor's technical, financial and personnel capabilities; and
- (7) Prime contractor justification that is provided with respect to items it does not normally make.

Parent topic: PGI 215.407 RESERVED